

## Round Robin

In round-robin sharing of ideas in a group, each participant has a turn to offer her or his answer. Nobody should interrupt the person who has the floor. Agreement, disagreement, or surprise can only be communicated kinesthetically. Nobody can pass. If a participant's answer is similar to or the same as prior ones, the person has to start by acknowledging peers who had similar ideas:

"I had the same observation as Kyle. I saw a sugar molecule attached to a phosphate group."

Round-robin is a technique to ensure that all students have a voice and that students who might otherwise monopolize a conversation do not limit anyone else's opportunities to participate.

*Scaffolding*: bridging, schema building

